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THE NEED FOR ENHANCED INTERSECTORAL COLLABORATION AND REVISION OF THE CURBING MEASURES AGAINST THRIVING FGM
Oral Presentation Intersectoral Collaborations and the Social Determinants of Health
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Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) also known as female genital cutting, or female circumcission is the partial or total removal of the external female genitalia, or other injury to the female genital organs for non-medical reasons. FGM has been thriving despite strong multidisciplinary approach against it and is surprisingly being promoted by some of the victims of FGM. METHOD: Retrospective Study. The study is based on literature research of articles related to female genital mutilation. RESULTS: A review of the available literature revealed that the demand of zero practice of FGM is becoming challenging since despite the decrease in its practice, it is still thriving in some parts around the world. The objective of intersectoral collaboration against FGM is to ensure safety, security and preservation of life against this life-threatening and traumatic practice through education, empowerment of women and enforcement of laws against FGM. CONCLUSION: Therefore the purpose of this paper will be to discuss the need for enhanced intersectoral collaboration against FGM at a regional, national and international level. Moreover, to revise the prevention and control measures to end it completely at a global level.

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