

## **TUFH 2020** Abstracts

Title	Towards a medicine of excellence in Acute Myocardial Infarction in Mexico: protocol "Infarction Code", a view from translational bioethics Oral Presentation
Type	Intersectoral Collaborations and the Social Determinants of Health
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Content	Background: Mexico is the country with the highest mortality from Acute Myocardial Infarction with Elevation of the ST Segment (STEMI), for which reason the IMSS developed the Protocol of Attention for the Emergency Services "Infarction Code". In this article, aspects of translational medicine (the free movement of knowledge to face current challenges) are discussed with a bioethical and comprehensive perspective. Method: the objetive was to analyze the Protocol of Attention for the Emergency Services "Infarction Code" from the perspective of translational bioethics. The approach focused on the problem was carried out through the Rawls method (contrast and clarification of judgments related to epistemic, ethical, legal and medical aspects), as well as the application of the Integral Method (analysis of maxima from various ethical perspectives for ethical discernment). Results: The Protocol of Attention for the Emergency Services "Infarction Code", is governed by the binomial Evidence-Based Medicine (MBE) and Values-Based Medicine (MBV), is guided by a principle of integrity that considers the 6 dimensions of quality (Safety, patient-centered, timely, efficient, effective and equitable) for the care of patients with STEMI. Conclusion: the protocol overcomes some adverse social determinants that affect STEMI medical care, reduces mortality, the global economic burden of the disease, and develops high-level social medicine of excellence.