

## **TUFH 2020** Abstracts

Title	Comparative study of the UK Health system vs. United States. The state system against service tertiary.
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Content	Backgroung. The health systems of the United Kingdom and the United States are two of the most analyzed and implemented models around the world Objective Due to the transcendence of both systems and their spectrum of influence on a global scale, it is important to understand what the transformation process of these systems has been and what these changes have consisted of. Methodology. It will be resorted to the elaboration of a comparative between countries (cross national) in order to know the state organization, the political system and the territorial organization of the countries; the health reforms that have been carried out; identify the institutional health organization; and characterize the actors participating in the health systems reform process. Results. The British model is a universalist model in the sense that it works on the basis of public financing with resources derived from taxes and grants universal access to services provided by public providers or agencies or professionals subsidized by the State. In contrast, the US model is private insurance, so there is an absence of the public sector in both the functions of the financier and that of the service provider. It is usually a fragmented, decentralized organization with very little public regulation. Conclusion. In the United Kingdom, the government has a central role in guaranteeing access to health services, with few modifications since its creation, while in the United States, the role of the state has fluctuated between having a central role and a secondary one, with multiple modifications.